CoCo Switchboard Installation

# Overview

Congratulations! You are about to become a Color Computer keyboard restorer. To successfully restore your failed keyboard membrane, I want to recommend some tips that I learned the hard way.

Key points:

* Work on a well-lit, flat surface with plenty of space.
* Get some plastic cups to hold your keyboard parts, like springs and screws.
* Get a couple of supports (like plywood or books) to prop up your keyboard while you work on it.
* A Philips screwdriver that fits small screws. No power tools.
* Take your time.
* Use the backward-first technique for inserting screws (see below).

GitHub Materials: https://github.com/mrojas36/CoCoSwitchboard

# Working on 40-year-old Plastic

**IMPORTANT:** The chassis of your keyboard is plastic. Ancient plastic. It is delicate and you can ruin it if you are not careful. The most important thing to understand is that when your keyboard was assembled, screws were driven into the plastic *creating the grooves* that your screws now sit in. **It is important that your new screws use the same grooves.** You do NOT want to create new ones. Two sets of grooves will just create a stripped-out hole and the screw will not hold anymore.

So how do you make sure your screw goes into the existing grooves?

Easy. Use the “backwards first” technique. Here is how it works.

1. Place screw into hole.
2. Using your screwdriver, slowly turn the screw backwards (counterclockwise) while applying gentle pressure.
3. While turning backwards, you will feel the screw drop and “click”. That is when you know your screw has realigned with the original grooves.
4. Now you can turn the screw clockwise and gently tighten until it stops. Do not over tighten.

You can use the screw holder that was shipped with the kit to practice. Once you get the hang of it, congratulations – you are a restoration master!

# Step 1 – Remove your keyboard

Open your Color Computer by removing the screws on the bottom of your case. There should be six screws on most machines. **Remember, the long screws will go in the back.** Place the case screws into one of your plastic cups for safe keeping.

Diagram

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Pull the flexible flat cable out of CN2 by pulling straight up. If it is stuck, try rocking it left and right until it pulls free. We now have your keyboard removed. Set your keyboard aside for the moment.

# Step 2 – Connect the Keyboard Adapter

You should test that only your membrane has failed. You can do that by connecting the keyboard adapter to your new switchboard and temporarily installing the assembly into your computer. Hold the board so you can see the pin header and press the connector in, making sure both rows of pins mate properly.

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# Step 3 – Test your Switchboard

Install the assembly into your computer with the top case off. Insert the keyboard adapter into connector CN2 on your motherboard, like this:

You can prop up the switchboard like this:

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Description automatically generatedPower up your computer and press every key. Make sure you try the shift keys as well. Your switch board and keyboard adapter were tested in a real machine before it was shipped. If keys are not working, it is possible you have other damage that needs repaired.

Examples include:

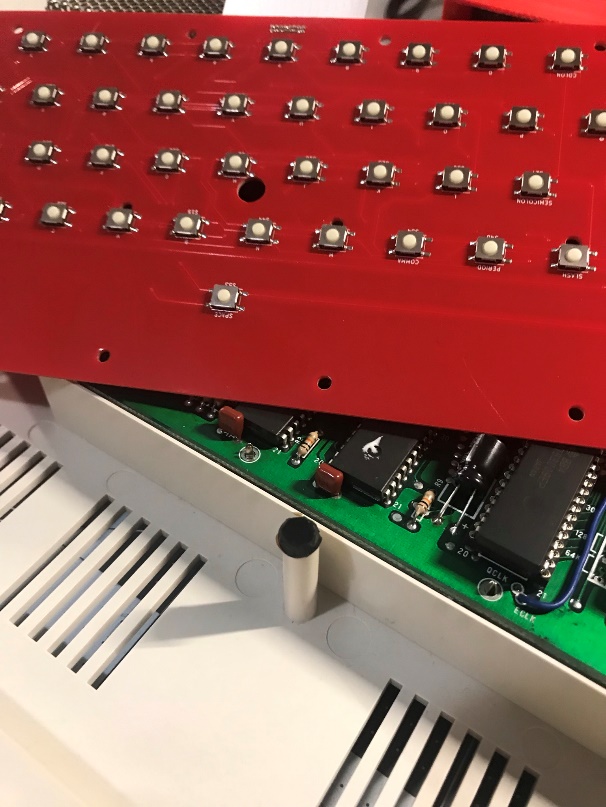
* Failed PIA chip
* CN2 connector is bad or oxidized
* Trace damage on your motherboard

Resolve these issues before continuing.

If things look good, let’s swap it into your actual keyboard.

**IMPORTANT: If you are a Color Computer 1 or 3 owner, you can skip to step 5. If you are a Color Computer 2 owner, proceed to the next step.**

# Step 4 – Test fit Switchboard on your computer.

Notice that the board has a hole in the center. This is meant to align with the middle support post in your computer. On a Color Computer 1 and Color Computer 3, the center support post will rest inside the cavity made by the hole and the spacer.

On a Color Computer 2, the **hole will be too small**. This is because there is a switch that will not allow the center hole to be larger. Because of this, you will need to trim down the diameter of the rubber support in the center post.

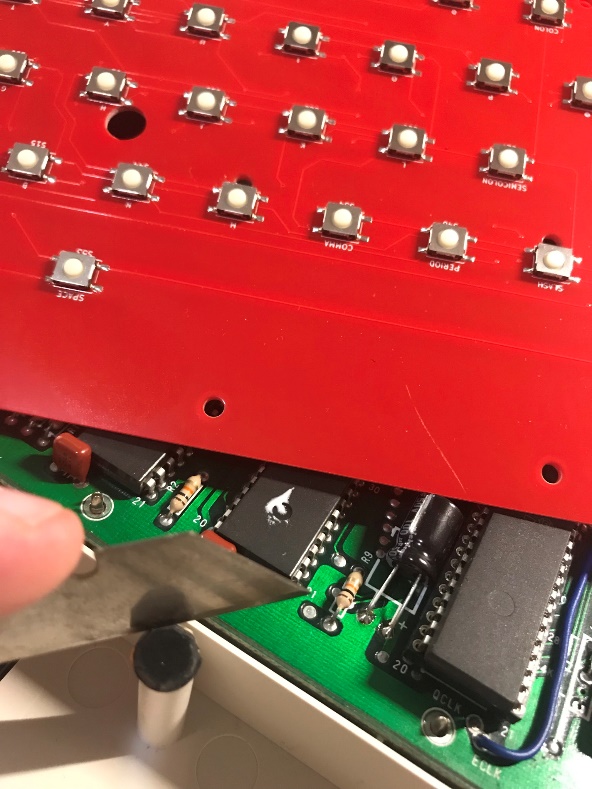
A picture containing electronics

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This rubber post will need trimmed.

You can trim it down from the top – taking a bit of rubber off the top but this will be irreversible. This means the support will be too short if you decide to put the old membrane back. Or you can trim the **diameter** like I did. This will be reversible – meaning the old membrane could be put back.

A group of cameras on a table

Description automatically generated with low confidence

To change the diameter of the rubber support, take a razor blade and carefully trim around the post. Try to make little slices by holding the razor blade vertically and pressing down until you hit the plastic. Continue around the post until you have trimmed every side.

You should be able to fit the rubber part of the support into the hole when the diameter is small enough.

# Step 5 – Remove your Old Membrane

Get a pair of supports to prop up your keyboard like this:

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Description automatically generatedThe important thing is to make sure your keys can hang suspended and not depressed. You are now ready to remove the back plate. Color Computer 2 and Color Computer 3 will have 18 screws to remove. A Color Computer 1 has 20. Save your old screws in case you want to reverse this process.

Use a plastic cup or some other container to hold the screws.

Now carefully remove the back plate, exposing the keyboard membrane. **IMPORTANT:** If your keyboard has suffered liquid damage, it is possible that the back plate will have become glued to the membrane. Remove slowly and take care to pull it apart in a way that will NOT send your springs flying!

Set the back plate aside. You will not need the back plate or the membrane.

With the membrane exposed, carefully remove the membrane taking care to not lose your springs!

Set it aside as well.

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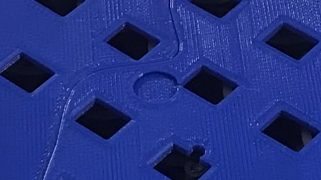
Description automatically generatedWith the membrane off, look closely and make sure you have all your springs. A Color Computer 1 has rubber domes instead of springs. Make note that the space bar has a different color spring because it needs a different level of force. If you take out your springs, make sure you put that different color spring back into the space bar key.

**TIP:** Now would be a great time to remove every spring and then wash your keyboard. If it has liquid damage, giving it a good clean will go a long way. Some people even get a keyboard puller (just google it) and remove every key, hand washing each one. Some even retrobrite the keys to remove the yellowing.

# Step 6 – Install the Spacer and Switchboard

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Description automatically generatedThe switches need to be positioned so they do not interfere with the travel of the keys. The spacer accomplishes this task. The spacer will arrive in two pieces. It can only be installed one way, but in the center of the spacer you will see a small round indentation. This will align with the hole in the center of the switchboard.



The spacer will also align with the two keyboard posts on each side of the board.

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Description automatically generatedWith the spacer installed, you can now place the switchboard on top of the spacer.

To assemble the board, you will need to press down on the board, compressing the springs, and placing the screws into the board with your other hand.

You are now ready to begin inserting the **new screws** (provided in the kit) into the switchboard.

Take your time and do one screw at a time.

**You will have to use the screws provided in the kit.** Your original screws will be too short to go back in.

**Remember to use the “backwards first” technique!**

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Description automatically generatedWhen you are installing the screws, make sure you are applying enough pressure to compress the springs. I used one hand to apply pressure and the other hand to put the screws in:

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I worked my way from the center to the edges. Make sure you do not over-tighten the screws.

A picture containing text, table, cup, indoor

Description automatically generatedThe hard part is now done!

# Step 7 – Install the keyboard back into your computer

Notice that the board has a hole in the center. This is meant to align with the middle support post in your computer. On a Color Computer 1 and Color Computer 3, the center support post will rest inside the cavity made by the hole and the spacer.

On a Color Computer 2, the **hole will be too small**. But you would have fixed this in step 4.

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Set the keyboard back on its support posts and gently insert the keyboard adapter into the connector CN2.

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Put your case screws back in.

Sit back and enjoy your handiwork. Nice work!